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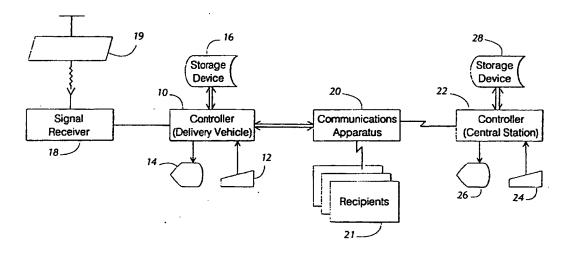
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(54) Title: APPARATUS AND METHOD OF NOTIFYING A RECIPIENT OF AN UNSCHEDULED DELIVERY



(57) Abstract

An apparatus and method of an electronic complex (10) associated with a carrier of items to be delivered at unscheduled times to recipients (21). The electronic complex (10) analyzes positioning signals to determine the location of the carrier and the time period to travel to the location of a recipient in a sequence of deliveries. A signal to notify the recipient of pending delivery is communicated if the time period is less than a predetermined interval.

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# APPARATUS AND METHOD OF NOTIFYING A RECIPIENT OF AN UNSCHEDULED DELIVERY

#### TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a method and apparatus of notifying a recipient of a delivery. More particularly, the present invention relates to a method and apparatus of signalling advance notice of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient.

20 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

delivery systems have operated For many years, independently of a recipient for an item carried from a sender by a delivery service to the recipient. involves an unscheduled delivery of the item to the recipient. The term "unscheduled delivery" as used herein refers to delivery of articles, items, packages or the like to a recipient at a time that is not specifically prearranged with the recipient. For example, a recipient orders an article from a mail-order catalog service. Delivery is to occur generally within some time period, but no specific day or time is arranged. The term "scheduled delivery" refers to an arrangement whereby the delivery service is to deliver the item to the recipient at a specific time. Due to delays inherent in delivery schedules, travel, and time spent at each delivery

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location, scheduled deliveries are difficult to maintain.

however, the system most circumstances, In unscheduled delivery is satisfactory. For regular delivery of mail typically does not require advance scheduling or notification of delivery of items for a recipient. Generally, the delivery occurs at approximately the same time each day, and for homes and businesses, such regular and routine delivery at or about the approximate same time is satisfactory for receiving items. instances where a receipt, payment, or signature of the recipient is required, the carrier contacts the recipient at the time of delivery. If contact cannot be made, the carrier leaves a notice of attempted delivery. recipient then contacts either a central distribution center or the carrier for arranging delivery.

Such notice of attempted delivery and having to make arrangements for delivery is both time consuming and troublesome. The recipient either must make arrangements to meet the carrier or travel to the central facility for delivery of the item. It may take as much as several days to coordinate the delivery of the item.

In many instances however, unscheduled delivery of packages is satisfactory for recipients. Many commercial delivery systems carry packages from a sender to a recipient. The delivery company receives the package and groups it with other packages in a selected geographic area. A route list is developed so that the packages are delivered in a particular sequence. Various mechanisms are known to select and arrange a delivery sequence for a route list. The carrier follows the sequential route list and delivers the packages to recipients. For business delivery, a clerk typically is available during the day for receiving such unscheduled delivery of packages. For home delivery the carrier may be authorized to leave the item

irrespective of whether a recipient is present. In other situations, the carrier leaves the package with a neighbor.

Many delivery companies offer a service of delivering a package by a preselected time. The problem remains, however, that some packages will be delivered before others are delivered, before the predetermined time. In circumstances where a clerk or recipient is available, such mechanisms are satisfactory.

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In many circumstances advance notice of pending delivery of an item would facilitate the delivery. circumstances include the requirement that a particular individual sign papers acknowledging delivery or recipient is not present at the delivery site but could be available given reasonable advance notice. circumstances, failure to deliver requires that separate arrangements must be made for delivery. Again, this is time consuming and troublesome for recipients. Often the recipient could reach the delivery site or be available if reasonable advance notice of the unscheduled delivery were provided by the carrier to the recipient. Currently, the only advance notice that is available is either the general provision for delivery of an item before a particular time or by attempting to deliver the package and leaving a message for the recipient to contact the carrier.

Accordingly, there is a need in the art for an apparatus and method of signalling a reasonable advance notice of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides an apparatus and method for signalling reasonable advance notice of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient. More particularly described, the present invention provides a carrier with a receiver for receiving a positioning signal from

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transmitters at known locations. An analyzer evaluates the positioning signals to determine the position of the carrier. The position of the carrier is compared with a predetermined delivery location for the recipient. A time interval is computed for the carrier to move to the delivery location. When the time interval is less than a predetermined time interval, a signal is communicated to the recipient to provide reasonable advance notice of the pending unscheduled delivery of the item.

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Further, the invention provides a method of signalling advance notice of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient. The method comprises receiving a plurality of positioning signals from transmitters broadcasting from The signals are analyzed to known fixed locations. determine the position of the carrier. This determined position is compared to the predetermined known location of the unscheduled delivery. A time interval is determined for the carrier to arrive at the delivery location. If the time interval to move from the predetermined position to the location of the recipient is less than a predetermined interval, a signal is generated to provide notice to the recipient of the pending delivery of the item at an unscheduled time.

The advantages and features of the present invention will become apparent from a reading of the following detailed description of the invention and claims in view of the appended drawings.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a schematic view of the apparatus of the present invention for signalling notice of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient.

Fig. 2 is a flow chart illustrating the method of the invention that signals notice of a pending unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient.

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Fig. 3 is a perspective partial view of a motor vehicle having a distance measuring device for use by the apparatus illustrated in Fig. 1 for determining location.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

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Referring now in more detail to the drawings, in which like numerals indicate like parts throughout the several views, Fig. 1 illustrates a schematic view of a preferred embodiment of an apparatus for signalling advance notice of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient.

The apparatus and method of the present invention accordingly facilitates scheduling of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient. A delivery vehicle for carrier includes a controller 10, such as microprocessor device. The controller 10 includes peripheral equipment for providing information to the controller and for displaying information. For example, a keyboard 12 enters information and commands to the controller 10. The information includes identification of the carrier, completion of a delivery, and the like. Other devices may be used for entering such information and These devices include bar-scan codes commands. readers, card scanners, and keypads. A video screen 14 displays information such as that regarding the delivery route list, directions, special instructions, and delivery locations. The controller 10 communicates with a storage device 16, such as a magnetic media disk drive. storage device 16 includes an accessible file of the information regarding the delivery of packages to various locations on the particular route. The information maintained on the storage media 16 includes, for example, the name and address of the recipient, а a location code, directions and identification code, special instructions. Other information can be included on the storage media 16. The controller also communicates

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with a receiver 18 that receives a positioning signal from remote known transmitters 19. Each of the transmitters broadcast a specific signal from a known location on a known radio frequency. The controller 10 therefore is an electronic complex operatively associated with the carrier for delivering items to recipients.

The controller 10 operatively communicates with a communications apparatus 20. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the communications apparatus 20 includes a transmitter, receiver, and dialing means for commercially available cellular telephone accessing systems. The controller 10 in the delivery vehicle communicates through the communications apparatus 20 to a selected one of a plurality of recipients 21 of articles and packages to be delivered by the carrier operating the particular delivery vehicle. The communications apparatus also provides a path for communicating delivery status information between the controller 10 in the delivery vehicle and a central controller 22.

The central controller 22 is preferably a main-frame computer or the like. The central controller 22 preferably is located at a stationary facility such as company offices for the delivery company. The central controller 22 communicates through a multiplexer with a plurality of controllers 10, each in one of the delivery vehicles for the delivery company. The central controller 22 includes peripheral devices for entering information to the Other peripheral controller, such as a keyboard 24. devices such as card readers and scanners can likewise be information to the controller enter Information maintained by the controller 22 is displayed on a video screen 26. Written reports of information are produced on a printer (not illustrated) attached to the controller 22. The controller accesses a storage device 28, such as a high speed magnetic disk drive. The storage -7-

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device 28 maintains information such as route, package identification, recipient name and address, phone numbers and the like. The central controller 22 therefore is an electronic complex for coordinating and monitoring the delivery schedules of the various routes travelled by the carrier.

Fig. 2 illustrates a flow chart of a preferred method of signalling advance notice of pending delivery of an item at an unscheduled time to a recipient, using the apparatus of the present invention. The carrier uses the keyboard 12 other input device to enter information to the controller 10. Prior to beginning a sequence or route of deliveries, the controller 10 is initialized 40. initialization, certain information is provided to the controller 10, including a code identifying the carrier, the delivery vehicle involved, its route, and other related information. The carrier begins to drive the delivery vehicle to the first location on his scheduled route for an item to be delivered. The controller 10 receives positioning signals 42 from the receiver 18. preferred embodiment of the present invention, the receiver 18 receives signals transmitted by satellites using the global positioning system generally known as GPS. In other embodiment, the receiver receives LORAN signals. signals are analyzed 44 to determine the location of the delivery vehicle. The positioning signals are analyzed to determine a longitudinal/latitudinal coordinate of the position of the delivery vehicle. The controller 10 accesses the storage media 16 to determine whether deliveries remain on the schedule 46. In the event no deliveries remain on the schedule to be considered, the controller 10 waits 48 for the carrier to information.

If deliveries remain on the schedule, the controller 10 compares the location of the delivery vehicle to the

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delivery location for each package to be delivered in sequence. The controller 10 first accesses the data storage device 16 to determine if the recipient of that particular delivery has already been notified 50 of the pending delivery of the item. If the recipient has already been notified of delivery, the controller 10 considers the next delivery in the sequence of deliveries.

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Otherwise, the controller 10 compares 52 the location of the delivery vehicle to the delivery location. controller 10 then determines an estimated time of arrival at that delivery location. In determining the time of arrival for each delivery location, the controller 10 accounts for the distance and time required to travel between the two locations and accounts for the intervening deliveries and estimated time to make these deliveries. The controller 10 thereby determines an estimated time of arrival for the particular delivery. If the period 54 for estimated time of arrival is greater than predetermined interval, the controller 10 repeats 46 the analysis for the next delivery in the sequence of deliveries. If the estimated time of arrival is less than the predetermined interval, the controller 10 initiates 56 notification of arrival for delivery. The controller 10 uses its communications apparatus 20 to communicate 58 with the selected recipient 21. In a preferred embodiment, the controller 10 dials the telephone number of the recipient using cellular telephone equipment. The controller 10 initiates a series of questions to the recipient 21, using generation equipment and tone recognition interpret responses. The responses by the recipient 21 are made to the controller 10 by pushing selected keys on a touch-tone telephone.

After the recipient 21 has been notified of the pending delivery within the predetermined interval, the controller 10 updates 60 the data storage device 16 to

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indicate that particular delivery has been confirmed with the recipient. If the recipient 21 cannot be contacted, the system may try 62 more than one time to notify the recipient of pending arrival. For example, the recipient's telephone may be busy or not answered. After a predetermined number of attempts to notify the recipient of arrival, the controller 10 abandons the efforts to notify the recipient and evaluates the next delivery on the schedule of deliveries.

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After all remaining deliveries on the route list have been evaluated, the controller 10 waits 48 for the carrier to enter delivery information to the controller 10. The carrier in the meantime is travelling to the next delivery location or is delivering items to recipients.

The carrier enters the delivery information to the controller 10 after one or more packages at the location have been delivered to the recipient. The carrier enters through the keyboard 12 the information needed to update the route schedule and to show that delivery has been completed for particular items. Upon receiving information that delivery of a particular package has been completed, the controller 10 begins the analysis process over again 42 by receiving positioning signals. This method of tracking deliveries, analyzing locations and estimated times of delivery, and notifying recipients of pending delivery continues for the remaining schedule of deliveries.

A preferred embodiment of the present invention uses a Travelmate 4000 Texas Instrument notebook computer for the controller 10. This notebook computer includes the keyboard 12 and the display monitor 14. The controller 10 communicates with the signal receiver 18, for receiving the GPS positioning The notebook signals. communicates in both a transmitting and receiving mode with the communications apparatus 20 which preferably is a cellular telephone apparatus. For transmitting, the

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notebook communicates through an interface including a Texas Instruments SN65CBC176 driver to a cellular modem for accessing the cellular system. A Texas Instruments TL052 amplifier feeds the signal from the driver to a TLE2062 amplifier to match with telephone line signals. receiving, the cellular modem communicates with a Texas instruments SN75CBC176 receiver through a TLE2062 line matching amplifier and a TL052 amplifier. Instruments TLC1550 analog-to-digital converter converts the received signal for input to the notebook computer through an interface that includes a Texas Instruments SN75LBL176 receiver. This enables the controller 10 to access the communications apparatus 20 for communicating with the central station 22 or with a selected recipient 21.

As discussed above, the present invention facilitates notification of recipients of the pending occurrence of an unscheduled event. The recipients are notified in advance so that they may react to the occurrence of the event. One particular application of the present apparatus and method invention is notification of the arrival of a school bus at a neighborhood pickup/drop-off point referred to herein as With advance notice of arrival of the bus. a bus stop. riders thereby reduce their time expended waiting at the This is particularly advantageous during severe weather conditions, such as extreme cold temperatures, or precipitation such as rain or snow. The school bus contains the controller 10 with the receiver 18. addition to the keyboard 12, the controller 10 preferably communicates with a card reader (not illustrated). bus rider is issued a magnetic ID card. identifies the rider and allows the controller 10 to maintain ridership information on the storage device 16. With the apparatus and method of the present invention, the rider for the bus would not need to leave his home until

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notified by the apparatus of the pending arrival of the bus.

In an alternate embodiment illustrated in Fig. 3, the bus includes a distance measuring device 70 in addition to the receiver 18. The distance measuring device 70 comprises a magnetic sensor 72 that mounts on a frame member 74 of the bus near a wheel 76 or a drive shaft (not illustrated). A magnet 78 mounts in radial alignment with the magnetic sensor 72. As the magnet 78 rotates and travels past the sensor 72, a signal is generated and communicated to the controller 10. The controller 10 uses the series of signals from the magnetic sensor 72 to measure the distance the bus has travelled. Combining the GPS information with the distance measuring information provides a more precise location of the bus.

With reference to Fig. 2, the bus operator uses the apparatus by first initializing the controller 10 to identify the bus and the particular bus route. distance measuring system and GPS continually signal the controller 10 the location of the bus. The controller 10 analyzes the positioning and distance measuring signals. Thus, the wait state 48 is not used. The controller 10 compares the location of the bus to the location of the The controller 10 then school bus stops in sequence. determines the estimated time of arrival at the particular bus stop being evaluated. In determining the time of arrival for each bus stop in sequence, the controller accounts for the distance and time required to travel between location of the bus and the location of the particular bus stop, including the time for any intervening bus stops. The controller 10 thereby determines an estimated time of arrival for the particular bus stop.

If the period before the estimated time of arrival at the bus stop is greater than a predetermine interval, the controller 10 repeats the analysis for the next bus stop in 5

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route. For this particular sequence in the interval of about three minutes application, an sufficient. If the estimated time of arrival is less than the predetermined interval, the controller 10 initiates notification of arrival of the bus. The controller 10 transfers the rider's telephone number held on the storage device 16 to the communications apparatus 20 which preferably places a telephone call to the rider. The controller 10 updates the device 16 to indicate that the particular rider has been notified of pending arrival. controller 10 then repeats the evaluation for the next and The bus driver each subsequent stop on the route. continues travelling to the bus stops on the route.

At the bus stop, the rider enters the bus and registers with the controller 10. In a preferred embodiment, this is accomplished by using the card scanner, although bar code scanners or keypad entry may be used. Ridership information is collected and used for scheduling and route evaluation purposes. The controller 10 continues to receive the GPS and distance measuring information as discussed above to evaluate its location and to determine whether riders for the remaining bus stops have to be notified of pending arrival of the bus as discussed above.

At predetermined intervals, the controller 10 accesses the communication apparatus 20 to communicate with the controller 22 at a central station. Among other information, the controller 10 communicates its location. This allows supervisors at the central station to monitor the location of the buses on various routes within the system.

The apparatus and method of the present invention further is applied in the transportation industry, and particularly for the air transport industry. Broadly speaking, passengers on an aircraft are items to be delivered to recipients (i.e., persons meeting the

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passenger at the airport). For example, a family or business associate of an airline passenger must depart from a home or a business at a particular time before the estimated arrival of the aircraft to timely meet the arriving passenger. Presently, the recipient telephone the airline to determine whether the flight is expected to arrive at its scheduled time. This inconvenient to both the recipient and to the airline The recipient may be receiving untimely information due to delays in updating the computer network that tracks air flights for the company. The recipients further lose time on the telephone attempting to determine when to leave for the airport. The airline company is inconvenienced by its telephone lines being congested by recipients inquiring as to the status of arriving flights. The airline loses time and money since its agents spend time on the telephone giving out flight arrival information instead of selling tickets.

The apparatus and method of the present invention, however, overcomes these problems. A passenger provides the airline with a contact number and an interval of time prior to arrival for notifying the contact of the pending For example, on a typical business day it takes approximately one and one-half hours to drive from central London, England to Gadwick Airport. A passenger flying into Gadwick Airport provides the airline with a contact number in London of a person to notify of the pending This person is the recipient, as that term is used in this application. As the aircraft approaches the airport, it reaches a point where the interval of time between that point and the airport equals the notification interval for the particular passenger. The controller 10, monitoring the location of the aircraft, compares the interval of time for the estimated arrival at Gadwick with the notification interval for the passengers, in sequence.

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When the interval of time before arrival is less than the interval given by a particular passenger for notifying his recipient, the controller 10 contacts the recipient. In this way, flight departure delays and in-flight delays are accommodated. The recipient leaves no earlier for the airport than is reasonably necessary to arrive at approximately the time the aircraft is to arrive. This reduces the wait in a crowded gate area and facilitates scheduling of passengers and recipients in crowded airport areas.

invention accordingly provides The present apparatus and method of notifying a recipient of a pending delivery of an item at an unscheduled time. The present invention reduces time wasted waiting for delivery, waiting for information regarding deliveries, and facilitates The principles, preferred embodiments, and deliveries. modes of operation of the present invention have been described in the foregoing specification. The invention is not to be construed as limited to the particular forms disclosed because these are regarded as illustrative rather than restrictive. Moreover, variations and changes may be made by those skilled in the art without departing from the spirit of the invention as described in the following claims.

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#### CLAIMS

#### WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A method of signalling notice for a delivery of an item at an unscheduled time to a recipient by a movable courier, comprising:
- a) receiving a positioning signal from a plurality of transmitters positioned at separate known locations;
- b) analyzing the plurality of positioning signals to determine a current location of the movable courier;
- c) comparing the current position to a location for the unscheduled delivery;
- d) determining the time interval necessary to move the movable courier from the current position to the location for the unscheduled delivery;
- e) comparing the time interval with a predetermined interval; and
- f) communicating a signal to the recipient of the item of arrival for delivery in response to the time interval being less than the predetermined interval.
- 2. The method as recited in Claim 1, further comprising repeating the steps c) through f) sequentially for a plurality of unscheduled deliveries.

3. The method as recited in Claim 1, wherein communicating comprises:

determining the phone number of the recipient; and placing a phone call to the recipient.

- 4. The method as recited in Claim 3, wherein the phone call is initiated by a radiotelephone.
- 5. The method as recited in Claim 1, further comprising the step of indicating that the recipient has been notified of delivery within the predetermined interval.
- 6. Apparatus for signalling notice of an unscheduled delivery of an item to a recipient at a location by a movable carrier, comprising:

a receiver for receiving a positioning signal from a plurality of transmitters at known locations;

means for analyzing the plurality of positioning signals to determine a current location for the movable carrier;

means for comparing the current location with a predetermined location for a recipient;

means for determining the time interval necessary to move the movable carrier from the current location to the location of the recipient;

means for comparing the time interval with a predetermined interval; and

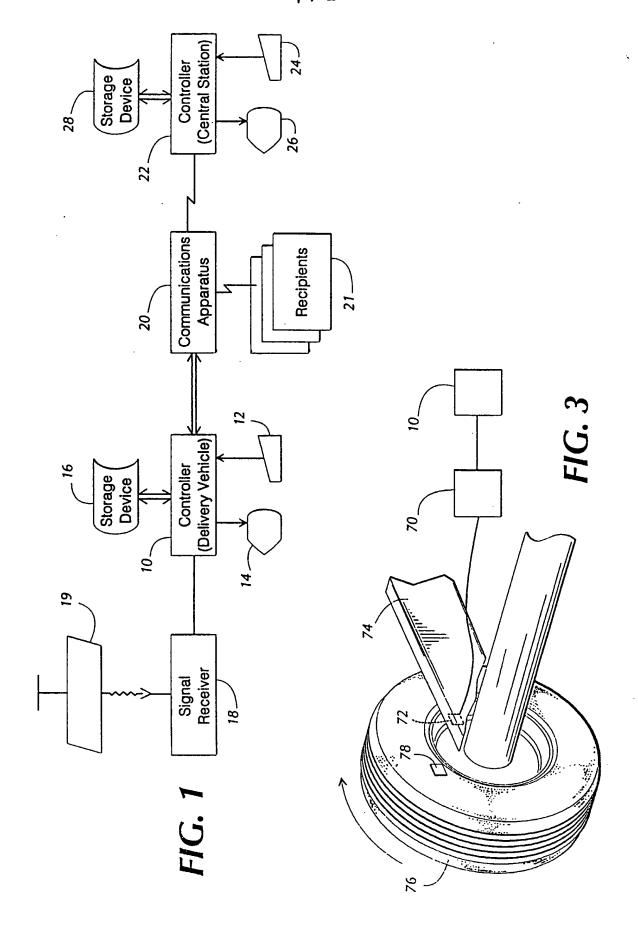
means for signalling the recipient of the unscheduled delivery.

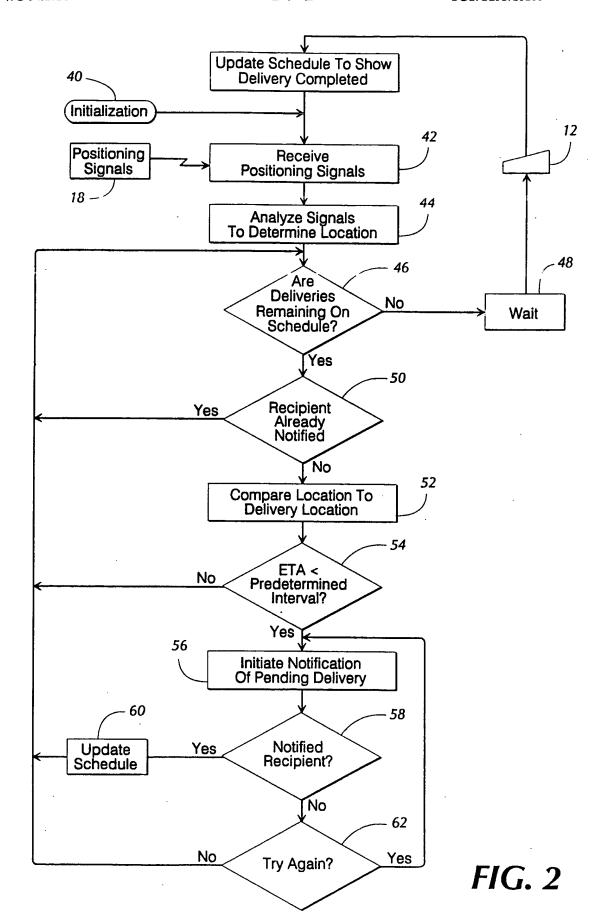
- 7. The apparatus as recited in Claim 6, wherein the means for determining comprises a microprocessor.
- 8. The apparatus as recited in Claim 6, wherein the means for signalling comprises a wireless telephonic transmitter.
- 9. A system for coordinating delivery of items at unscheduled times to recipients, comprising:
- a first central electronic complex containing an index of locations of recipients for delivery of items;
- a second movable electronic complex operatively connected to a carrier for items to be delivered for accessing and updating the index, analyzing the location of the carrier at a given time, and determining an interval of time between the carrier at a given time relative to the locations of the recipients;
- a communication link interconnecting the central electronic complex with the movable electronic complex;
- a receiver for receiving a positioning signal from a plurality of transmitters at known locations;

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means for generating a signal to a recipient of pending delivery responsive to the interval being less than a predetermined interval of time,

whereby the movable electronic complex, being within a predetermined interval of delivery, communicates a signal to the recipient and updates the index to show that the recipient has been notified.





## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US93/10100

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER								
IPC(5) :G08G 1/123 US CL :340/988,994; 364/436								
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC								
B. FIELDS SEARCHED  Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)								
U.S. :	U.S.: 340/988,994; 364/436; 340/989,990,991,992,993,995,996 364/401,424.01,424.02; 379/58,59							
	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included	in the fields searched						
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	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT							
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.						
Υ	US, A, 3,886,515 (Cottin et al) 27 May 1975, column 10, lines 30-61, Figure 6.	1-8						
Y,P	US, A, 5,243,529 (Kashiwazaki) 07 September 1993, column 2, lines 32-36, Figure 2.	1-8						
Y,P	US, A, 5,218,629 (Dumond, Jr. et al) 08 June 1993, 3,4,8 abstract, column 2, lines 39-54.							
Furth	er documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.							
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